

BioElectronics Corporation

(A Development Stage Company)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

Unaudited financial statements for BioElectronics Corporation for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 have been prepared by management. Accordingly, the financial statements have not been audited, reviewed or compiled by independent accountants. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Trading Symbol: BIEL
CUSIP Number: 09062H108

Table of Contents

	PAGE
<u>Financial Statements (Unaudited):</u>	
Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (Unaudited)	2
Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, and for the period from inception (April 10, 2000) through September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	3
Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, and for the period from inception (April 10, 2000) through September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	4
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements	5

BioElectronics Corporation (A Development Stage Company)
Condensed Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,889	\$ 28,603
Trade and other receivables, net	168,350	120,315
Inventory	574,433	716,903
Total current assets	745,672	865,821
Property and equipment	181,061	170,011
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(157,261)	(144,956)
Property and equipment, net	23,800	25,055
Total assets	\$ 769,472	\$ 890,876
Liabilities and stockholders' deficiency		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 418,021	\$ 681,567
Deferred revenue	47,104	124,036
Related party notes payable, current portion	1,489,466	1,502,459
Ex-Im Bank Financing	500,000	500,000
Total current liabilities	2,454,591	2,808,062
Long-term liabilities:		
Related party notes payable, net of discount	5,957,866	5,623,531
Total liabilities	8,412,457	8,431,593
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' deficiency:		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 7,000,000,000 and 4,000,000,000 shares authorized at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, and 6,217,834,733 and 3,859,893,093 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	6,217,835	3,859,893
Additional paid-in capital	10,642,325	10,999,588
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(24,503,145)	(22,400,198)
Total stockholders' deficiency	(7,642,985)	(7,540,717)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficiency	\$ 769,472	\$ 890,876

BioElectronics Corporation (A Development Stage Company)
Condensed Statements of Operations
For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013
and for the Period from April 10, 2000 (Inception) to September 30, 2014
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Nine Months Ended		Period from April 10, 2000 (Inception) to September 30, 2014
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	
Sales	\$ 231,174	\$ 110,091	\$ 677,454	\$ 403,592	\$ 6,926,237
Cost of Goods Sold	181,554	104,871	475,489	290,024	3,518,145
Gross profit	<u>49,620</u>	<u>5,220</u>	<u>201,965</u>	<u>113,568</u>	<u>3,408,092</u>
General and Administrative Expenses:					
Bad Debt Expense(Recovery)	(11,897)	(4,419)	(22,955)	24,730	412,216
Depreciation and Amortization	4,655	4,169	12,305	12,508	175,187
Investor Relations Expenses	69,927	2,822	160,087	6,947	2,446,107
Legal and Accounting Expenses	22,124	50,328	89,912	107,721	2,163,315
Sales Support Expenses	180,969	185,226	436,097	464,866	4,463,837
Research and Development	50,843	2,100	245,382	54,020	602,247
Other General and Administrative Expenses	<u>300,341</u>	<u>303,913</u>	<u>974,371</u>	<u>996,807</u>	<u>13,506,023</u>
Total General and Administrative Expenses	<u>616,962</u>	<u>544,139</u>	<u>1,895,199</u>	<u>1,667,599</u>	<u>23,768,932</u>
Loss from Operations	(567,342)	(538,919)	(1,693,234)	(1,554,031)	(20,360,840)
Interest Expense and Other, Net:					
Other Income(Expense)	(549)	73	(60)	125,078	206,005
Interest Expense	<u>(155,482)</u>	<u>(195,799)</u>	<u>(409,653)</u>	<u>(435,959)</u>	<u>(4,348,310)</u>
Total Interest Expense and Other, Net	<u>(156,031)</u>	<u>(195,726)</u>	<u>(409,713)</u>	<u>(310,881)</u>	<u>(4,142,305)</u>
Loss Before Income Taxes	(723,373)	(734,645)	(2,102,947)	(1,864,912)	(24,503,145)
Provision for Income Tax Expense	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (723,373)</u>	<u>\$ (734,645)</u>	<u>\$ (2,102,947)</u>	<u>\$ (1,864,912)</u>	<u>\$ (24,503,145)</u>
Net loss Per Share - Basic and Diluted	<u>\$ (0.0001)</u>	<u>\$ (0.0002)</u>	<u>\$ (0.0004)</u>	<u>\$ (0.0006)</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding - Basic and Diluted	<u>6,049,205,179</u>	<u>3,394,781,867</u>	<u>5,038,863,913</u>	<u>3,056,805,243</u>	<u>N/A</u>

BioElectronics Corporation (A Development Stage Company)
 Statements of Cash Flows
 For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013
 and for the Period from April 10, 2000 (Inception) to September 30, 2014
 (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	April 10, 2000 (Inception) to September 30, 2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Net Loss	\$ (2,102,947)	\$ (1,864,912)	\$ (24,503,145)
Adjustment to Reconcile Net Loss to			
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	12,305	12,508	174,687
Provision for bad debts	-	24,730	529,058
Amortization of non-cash debt issuance costs	-	-	725,373
Amortization and extinguishment of beneficial conversion discount	-	-	828,050
Non-cash expenses	-	22,250	1,503,499
Share-based compensation expense	72,397	-	1,226,510
Non-cash interest related to notes payable	-	-	595,568
Non-cash interest related to related party notes payable	394,125	382,184	1,958,328
Amortization of loan costs	-	-	129,852
Increase in related party notes payable for services rendered	-	-	949,840
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	-	-	41,543
Changes in Assets and Liabilities			
(Increase) Decrease in:			
Trade and other receivables	(48,035)	(79,051)	(336,450)
Trade receivables assigned to related party	-	-	-
Inventory	142,470	143,475	(574,433)
Due from related party	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(263,546)	71,400	418,021
Deferred revenue	(76,932)	115,100	47,104
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(1,870,163)	(1,172,316)	(16,286,595)
Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities			
Acquisition of property and equipment	(11,050)	-	(222,614)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Proceeds from note payable	-	420,208	1,586,998
Payments on note payable	-	(2,766)	(627,142)
Proceeds from related party notes payable	1,855,499	768,836	11,435,776
Proceeds from financing of receivables with related party	-	-	116,978
Payments for financing of receivables with related party	-	-	(974,803)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	-	4,984,278
Other	-	-	(9,987)
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	1,855,499	1,186,278	16,512,098
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash	(25,714)	13,962	2,889
Cash- Beginning of Period	28,603	20,965	-
Cash- End of Period	\$ 2,889	\$ 34,927	\$ 2,889
Supplemental Disclosures Of Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid during the periods for interest	\$ 15,528	\$ -	\$ 93,592
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:			
Conversion of debt and accrued interest into common stock	\$ 1,927,515	\$ 702,589	\$ 8,250,684
Issuance of convertible debt with beneficial conversion interest	\$ 1,854,730	\$ -	\$ 2,729,617
Conversion of warrants into common stock	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,336
Equipment purchases financed through capital leases and notes payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,986

BioElectronics Corporation (A Development Stage Company)
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements
See Accountants' Compilation Report
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1- NATURE OF BUSINESS

BioElectronics Corporation was incorporated in April 2000 and began employee-based operations in 2003. The Company is the developer, marketer and manufacturer of patented, inexpensive, drug-free, topical pain medical devices. The devices use proven therapies of heat and electric restoration of the body's injured cells. Physicians, sports trainers, and therapist around the world have used pulsed shortwave therapy successfully for more than eighty years to reduce pain and inflammation *and* accelerate healing. The Company has reduced the clinic apparatus to wafer thin disposable devices that are applied directly to the body. The extended duration dual therapy of heat and electric restoration is significantly safer and more effective than competitive heat or cold pads and pain medications. The devices consist of an inexpensive microchip, battery and antenna that deliver the therapy more effectively. BioElectronics markets and sells its current products under the brand names ActiPatch®, Allay™, RecoveryRx™ and HealFast®.

- 5x better pain relief than OTC drugs, 100% safer and restores functionality.
- Available for
 - Back Pain Therapy packaged with a wrap
 - Multi-Use Therapy packaged with 60 adhesives
 - Knee Pain Therapy packaged with a wrap
 - Wrist and Elbow Pain Therapy packaged with a wrap
 - Comfortable and discreet 24-hour Menstrual pain and discomfort relief
 - Post-operative and chronic wound care
 - Post-operative and chronic wound care
- Clinically proven, with 6 published clinical studies, and ongoing studies at Tufts Dental School, University of Chicago Medical School, University of British Columbia, Aarhus University Hospital, Denmark, and University Hospital, Ghent Belgium.

The Company was granted its first approval from the FDA under a 510(k) in August 2002. Prior to FDA approval and the establishment of its research and development group, PAW, LLC (an entity owned by the family of Andy Whelan, President) funded the operations and costs of product development.

The accompanying financial statements are those of a development stage company. The Company is currently engaged in and devotes considerable time to planning, product design changes, recruiting distributors and establishing a market presence for its product.

The Company has focused attention on international customers to expand its distributions and sales. The Company has established distribution agreements with distributors in Korea, Singapore, Malaysia, Canada, Columbia, Scandinavia, Saudi Arabia, the Balkans, Australia, China and South America. The distribution agreements grant the right to sell BioElectronics' products in certain territories. The distributors are responsible for advertising and promotion in their assigned territories. In addition, the distributors are subject to minimum annual product purchases, minimum initial purchases and minimum inventory requirements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Company has prepared the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Development Stage Company

As defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 915, “Development Stage Entities”, the Company is devoting substantially all of its present efforts to developing its business. The Company has not yet commenced one of its planned principal activities, the sale of products in the U.S. retail market. All losses accumulated since inception have been considered as part of the Company’s development stage activities. Costs of start-up activities, including organizational costs, are expensed as incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The more significant estimates include inventory obsolescence reserve, useful lives for depreciation and amortization, salvage values of depreciable equipment, valuation of warrants, nonvested restricted shares, stock options, and allowance for doubtful accounts receivable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Trade Receivables

The Company maintains reserves on customer accounts where estimated losses may result from the inability of its customers to make required payments. These reserves are determined based on a number of factors, including the current financial condition of specific customers, the age of trade and other receivable balances and historical loss rate. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$6,296 and \$11,972 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Bad debt expense(recovery) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$(22,955) and \$24,730, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

The Company sells its products to wholesale distributors and directly to hospitals and clinics. Revenue is recognized when evidence of an arrangement exists, pricing is fixed and determinable, collection is reasonably assured, and shipment has occurred. Payment is due on a net basis in 60 days. If the customer is deemed not credit worthy, payment in advance is required. Payments received in advance of when revenue is recognized are recorded as deferred revenue on the balance sheets and recognized as revenue when the goods are shipped and all other general revenue recognition criteria have been met. No allowance for sales returns is required for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. Defective units are replaced at the request of the customer.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses the costs associated with advertising as incurred, except if costs are for the production of advertisements that have not yet been broadcast. These advertising costs are recorded as prepaid expenses and amortized over a one-year period beginning when the advertisements are aired. Advertising expenses for the nine

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$214,044 and \$131,253, respectively, and included in sales support. There was no value recorded to prepaid advertising as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and no value recorded to amortization expense for prepaid advertising for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of SFAS No. 109, “Accounting for Income Taxes.” SFAS 109 requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences attributable to the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities, and their respective tax bases and operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to be applied to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is provided to offset any deferred tax assets that may not be realized.

Research and Development

Research and development costs include the costs of clinical studies, which are expensed as incurred. The Company incurred \$245,382 and \$54,020 in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Stock Incentive Plans and Other Share-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based upon the grant date fair value of those awards.

Net Loss per Share

The Company calculates basic and diluted net loss per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260, “Earnings per Share”, which requires the presentation of basic and diluted net loss per share on the face of the Statement of Operations. Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of outstanding shares of common stock. Convertible debt instruments, warrants, and options to purchase common stock are included as common stock equivalents only when dilutive. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 the Company reported net losses, and as a result there is no difference between basic and diluted shares for each of the years presented.

Issuance Of Stock For Non-Cash Consideration

All issuances of the Company’s stock for non-cash consideration have been assigned a per share amount determined with reference to the value of consideration received, which has been determined to be a more readily determinable fair value than the fair value of the common stock. The majority of the non-cash consideration pertains to services rendered by consultants and vendors. The fair value of the services received was used to record the related expense in the statement of operations and fair value was attributed to the shares issued.

The Company’s accounting policy for equity instruments issued to consultants and vendors in exchange for goods and services follows the provisions of ASC Topic 505-50, “Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees.” The measurement date for the fair value of the equity instruments issued is determined at the earlier of (i) the date at which a commitment for performance by the consultant or vendor is reached or (ii) the date at which the consultant or vendor’s performance is complete.

Stockholders’ Equity Transactions

On June 18, 2009, the Company authorized to increase the number of common shares from 750,000,000 to 1,000,000,000, with further increases to 1,500,000,000 (November 2010), 2,000,000,000 in 2011, to

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3,000,000,000 in 2012, to 4,000,000 in 2013, and to 7,000,000 in 2014. These increases are a result of the continued requirement to cover the potential issuance of common stock resulting from the conversion of debt to equity, and the vesting of nonvested share awards. The holders of the remaining shares to be issued upon conversion or exercise of equity instruments are likely to promptly sell those shares into the public market. The resale of these shares could have a negative impact on the stock price, and these conversions would have a dilutive impact on our shareholders. As a result, our net income per share could decrease for future periods, and the market price of our common stock could decline.

NOTE 3 – GOING CONCERN

The Company’s financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and the liquidation of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company has incurred substantial losses from operations. The Company sustained a net loss of \$2,102,947 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, and a total net loss since inception of \$24,503,145. The Company is currently seeking financing to provide the needed funds for operations. However, the Company can provide no assurance that it will be able to obtain the financing it needs to continue its efforts for market acceptance, U.S. FDA approval and to maintain operations and alleviate doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 4 - INVENTORY

The components of inventory consisted of the following as of:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Raw materials	\$ 380,280	\$ 404,292
Prepaid inventory	6,000	60,145
Finished goods	188,153	252,466
	<u>\$ 574,433</u>	<u>\$ 716,903</u>

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consists of the following as of:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 174,179	\$ 163,129
Leasehold improvements	6,882	6,882
	181,061	170,011
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>157,261</u>	<u>144,956</u>
Total property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 23,800</u>	<u>\$ 25,055</u>

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, depreciation expense on property and equipment amounted to \$12,305 and \$12,508, respectively.

NOTE 6 – LINE OF CREDIT

In May 2013, the Company finalized a line of credit agreement with the Export-Import Bank of the United States. The line of credit is for \$500,000, and was renewed for an additional one-year term effective in June 2014, at a fixed interest rate of 5.07%, with the amount borrowed owed in full in June 2015. As of September 30, 2014, the full

NOTE 6 – LINE OF CREDIT (continued)

line of credit of \$500,000 was utilized with the full amount payable. Total interest expense on the line of credit amounted to \$15,528 in the nine months ended September 2014.

NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTY NOTES PAYABLE

IBEX Revolver Agreement

IBEX, LLC is a limited liability company, whose President is the daughter of the President of the Company. On January 1, 2005, the Company entered into an unsecured revolving convertible promissory note agreement (“the Revolver”) with IBEX, LLC (“IBEX”) a related party, for a maximum limit of \$2,000,000, with interest at the Prime Rate plus 2%, and all accrued interest and principal due on or before January 1, 2015, whether by the payment of cash or by conversion into shares of the Company’s common stock.

The IBEX revolving convertible promissory note states the initial conversion price is \$0.05 per share subject to adjustments for a) stock dividends or other distributions and subdividing or combining its common stock or common stock equivalents, b) sales or issuances of common stock or common stock equivalents at less than market value, defined as the average of the daily closing price for the 10 trading days before the market value date. The closing price is the last sale price, regular way, or the average of last bid and ask price, regular way, if there are no reported sales during that period on exchanges where shares are admitted to trading or listed, and if not available, the fair market price as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors, or c) if the Company issues shares of common stock to the holder which are not freely transferable at the time of issuance, in lieu of payment of indebtedness, the conversion price shall be discounted to reflect such restriction.

Any discount will be negotiated on a case by case basis between the holder and the Company to reflect current market conditions and both parties must expressly accept the discounted conversion price.

The conversion price on the related party convertible notes payable discussed below and the individual advances under the IBEX revolving convertible promissory note has generally been 50% or less of the pink sheet closing price of the common stock on the date the notes or advances are issued to reflect the restricted nature of the stock into which the notes could be converted and the Board of Directors’ belief that the closing stock price is not reflective of the fair market value of the common stock due to the price volatility, lack of an active market for trading shares resulting in limited trading volume of share transactions. The Board of Directors is active in negotiating conversion prices for each issuance and takes into consideration all information in establishing the issuance date fair market value.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, IBEX sold \$760,325 of the Revolver’s remaining outstanding balance to external parties, who subsequently converted these notes into 1,396,694,318 shares at conversion prices ranging from \$.00018 to \$.003 per share. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, IBEX sold \$408,930 of the Revolver’s outstanding balance for conversions into 420,728,290 shares at conversion prices ranging from \$.00075 to \$.0015 per share.

The balance of the Revolver as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$0 and \$745,417, respectively.

IBEX Promissory Convertible Notes Payable

In addition to the Revolver as described above, beginning on August 1, 2009, the Company started entering into convertible promissory note agreements with IBEX with simple interest at 8% per annum. All accrued interest and principal on the various notes payable are due on or before the end of the month two years from the date of issuance, whether by the payment of cash or by conversion into shares of the Company’s common stock, unless otherwise extended with new terms. According to the original Security Agreement dated August 1, 2009, the Company grants IBEX a security interest in, all of the right, title, and interest of the Company, in and to all of the Company’s personal property and intellectual property, and all proceeds or replacements as collateral for the convertible promissory note agreements.

NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTY NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

On August 31, 2011, the date of maturity for notes payable of \$519,920, the Company did not have sufficient cash on hand to pay the amount due, so the Company and issuer entered into an agreement to change the conversion price of the note to the market price of the restricted shares. The Conversion Price was thus changed from the original amount of \$.019 per share to \$.015 per share, the share market price on that date. The maturity date on the note agreement was extended to September 30, 2015, with a new conversion price of \$.0008 per share.

Starting in 2012 and continuing through June 2014, the Company extended the maturity dates by one year and two years on several separate notes through multiple agreements with IBEX, as a result of insufficient cash to make payments on amounts owed. In exchange for the extensions, the conversion prices were changed to the existing market price of the Common Stock on the date of the maturity. Due to the drop in stock prices since the original note issuances, the corresponding shares to be issued on the conversion of these IBEX notes has increased from 9,863,573,500 at December 31, 2013 to 10,893,804,786 at September 30, 2014.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company borrowed \$1,703,305 and \$591,000, respectively, through additional promissory notes with IBEX.

Total interest expense, including amortization of the discount, incurred on the IBEX Revolver and IBEX convertible promissory notes payable for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$297,648 and \$158,629, respectively.

The balance of the IBEX Promissory Notes Payable as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$5,105,594 and \$4,263,082, respectively.

Other Related Party Loans

The Company has entered into convertible promissory note agreements with various other related parties of the Company. Other related parties consist of family members of the President of the Company. Additionally, St. Johns, LLC is a limited liability company, which is owned by a family member of the President of the Company.

Other related parties consist of Robert Whelan and Janel Zaluski, the son and daughter of the President, Mary Whelan, the sister of the President, St. John's LLC, which is owned by family members of the President, and Richard Staelin, who is Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Each of the promissory notes bears simple interest at 8% per annum, and all accrued interest and principal is due on the maturity date. At the option of the holder, the promissory notes are convertible into common shares of the Company's stock at a conversion rate equal to the quotient of (i) a sum equal to the entire outstanding principal and interest, divided by (ii) the conversion price.

Similar to the IBEX promissory convertible notes, the conversion prices per the terms of the note agreements are based upon the fair market value of the OTC closing price of the Company's stock as of the date of issuance discounted based on the factors previously discussed in the disclosures related to the IBEX Revolver and promissory convertible notes. There were no related party loan conversions during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company borrowed \$92,675 and \$80,782, respectively, through additional promissory notes with other related parties.

NOTE 8 – LOSS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted share data:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
Common Stock:		
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding - Basic	5,038,863,913	3,056,805,243
Effect of Dilutive Securities:		
Options and Warrants	-	-
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding - Diluted	5,038,863,913	3,056,805,243
Options and Warrants Not Included Above (Antidilutive)		
Nonvested Restricted Share Awards	10,233,333	15,153,724
Options to Purchase Common Stock	333,700,000	26,399,293
	<u>343,933,333</u>	<u>41,553,017</u>

NOTE 9 – SHARE BASED COMPENSATION

On November 30, 2004, as amended March 22, 2005, the Company adopted the BioElectronics Equity Incentive Plan ("the Plan"), for the purpose of providing incentives for officers, directors, consultants and key employees to promote the success of the Company, and to enhance the Company's ability to attract and retain the services of such persons.

The Plan initially reserved 10 million shares of common stock for issuance, which was amended to 100 million shares on March 1, 2010. In 2012 the plan was amended to 200 million shares available for future grant, further amended to 300 million shares in 2013, and 400 million shares in 2014 under the Plan. The issuance can be in the forms of options or shares. The options may be incentive, nonqualified or stock appreciation rights. The shares may be issued for performance.

Stock Option Awards

On September 1, 2011, the Company granted stock options to a third party vendor with a grant date fair value of \$0.005 per share. The exercise price is \$0.005 per share with a term of ten years and a three year vesting period, with one-third of the options vesting on each anniversary date after the initial date of grant. The option awards were granted with an exercise price equal to the Company's closing bid price on the Over-the-Counter Pink Sheets on the date of grant, discounted fifty percent for lack of marketability, which was deemed to be fair value.

In January 2012, the Company granted 55.0 million stock options with an exercise price of \$0.0029 per share, with immediate vesting. The option awards were granted with an exercise price slightly less than the Company's closing bid price on the Over-the-Counter Pink Sheets on the date of grant.

On August 29, 2012, the Company granted stock options to employees of the Company, the Chairman of the Board and a shareholder of the Company with a grant date fair value of \$0.0029 per share. The exercise price is \$0.0022 per share with a term of five years and a three year vesting period, with one-third of the options vesting on each anniversary date after the initial date of grant. The option awards were granted with an exercise price equal to the Company's closing bid price on the Over-the-Counter Pink Sheets on the date of grant, discounted fifty percent for lack of marketability, which was deemed to be fair value.

In April 2013, the Company granted 85.0 million stock options to employees of the Company, with a grant date exercise price of \$0.0015 per share. The exercise price is at a discount of around 50% relative to the market price of \$0.0031 per share.

NOTE 9 – SHARE BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

In December 2013, the Company granted 90.0 million stock options to employees of the Company, with a grant date exercise price of \$0.0007 per share. The exercise price is at a discount of around 13% relative to the market price of \$0.0008 per share.

No stock options were issued in the first nine months of 2014.

Nonvested Restricted Share Awards

In prior years, the Company also issued nonvested restricted share awards to directors, consultants and employees. The nonvested restricted share awards vest over a three year period based on the requisite service period. Compensation expense related to the fair value of these awards is recognized straight-line over the requisite service period based on those restricted stock grants that ultimately vest. The fair value of grants is measured by the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant discounted by 50 percent based on the restricted nature of the stock, the volatility in the market and other variables taken into account by the Board of Directors in determining the fair value of the restricted share awards.

Restricted stock awards generally vest ratably over the service period beginning with the first anniversary of the grant date. After shares are vested, they will be issued upon the request of the grantee.

There were no restricted stock awards issued in the first nine months of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 10 – INCOME TAXES

The Company has not provided for income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 because of a significant net operating loss carry-forward of approximately \$24 million. The net operating losses expire in various years through 2031.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which these temporary differences become deductible.

Based on available evidence, Company's management believes that it is more likely than not that the Company will not be able to realize the benefit of its net deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and that a full valuation reserve is needed to reduce the net deferred tax asset value to \$0 for each year.

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash, trade and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses and related party notes payable. The carrying amounts of such financial instruments approximate their respective estimated fair value due to the short-term maturities and approximate market interest rates of these instruments. The estimated fair value is not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company would realize in a current market exchange or from future earnings or cash flows. The Company adopted ASC Topic 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard provides a consistent definition of fair value which focuses on an exit price that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The standard also prioritizes, within the measurement of fair value, the use of market-based information over entity specific information and establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based on the nature of inputs used in the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

The three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements is defined as follows:

- Level 1 – inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets
- Level 2 – inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability other than quoted prices, either directly or indirectly including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active
- Level 3 – inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement

An investment's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases

The Company leases office equipment under a non-cancelable operating lease expiring in 2014. In the normal course of business, operating leases are generally renewed or replaced by other leases.

The approximate future minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 amounted to \$200 and \$900, respectively, due in 2014.

The amount of rental expenses was \$69,163 and \$69,110 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Litigation

General

In the ordinary course of conducting its business, the Company may become involved in various legal actions and other claims, some of which are currently pending. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties and management may be unable to accurately predict the outcome of individual litigated matters. Some of these matters may possibly be decided unfavorably towards the Company.

The Company is involved, on a continuing basis, in monitoring our compliance with environmental laws and in making capital and operating improvements necessary to comply with existing and anticipated environmental requirements. While it is impossible to predict with certainty, management currently does not foresee such expenses in the future as having a material effect on the business, results of operations, or financial condition of the Company.

NOTE 13 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the related party transactions disclosed in Note 7, BioElectronics signed a distribution agreement on February 9, 2009 with eMarkets Group, LLC (eMarkets) a company owned and controlled by a member of the Board of Directors and sister of the company's President. The agreement provides for eMarkets to be the exclusive distributor of the veterinary products of the Company to customers in certain countries outside of the United States for a period of three years. The distribution agreement lists the prices to be paid for the company's products by

NOTE 13 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

eMarkets and provides for the company to provide training and customer support at its own cost to support the distributor's sales function.

Revenue from eMarkets for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 amounted to \$10,337 and \$2,872, respectively. The balance due from eMarkets as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$1,003 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 14 – CONCENTRATIONS

As of September 30, 2014, approximately 90 percent of trade receivables was from two customers. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 approximately 60 percent of sales revenue was from six customers. As of September 30, 2014, approximately 73 percent of accounts payable was for five vendors.